

BASED ON PRESENTATION BY DR. KATEY HOFFMAN

MPS 2 101 QUICK GUIDE



What is Hunter syndrome?

A rare genetic disorder caused by a missing enzyme, leading to build up of GAGs in the body. It affects the brain, organs, bones, and joints is progressive over time.

Types of MPS 2	Early Signs	Developmental Impact	Treatment and Care
<u>Neuronopathic:</u> Impacts brain, developmental delays, behavioral changes	Frequent ear infections Delayed speech Enlarged abdomen	Slowed or plateaued development Possible regression Communication challenges	Enzyme Replacement Therapy (ERT) Multidisciplinary care
<u>Non-neuronopathic:</u> Primarily physical symptoms, cognition often preserve	Joint stiffness	Behavioral challenges	Therapies (OT/PT/Speech)

Emerging Research

Gene therapy, brain targeted treatments, and new delivery methods are actively being developed to improve outcomes.

Implications for Schools and Providers

Needs change over time. Behavior is often linked to neurological changes, communication barriers, and sensory needs. Flexible, individualized supports are essential.

Key Takeaways

- MPS 2 is progressive and variable
- Early intervention matters
- Treatment improves quality of life
- Lifelong, coordinated care is essential